## STATE LINE BILL

SENATOR ZIMMER REVIVES THE OLD CONTROVERSY.

## CALLS FOR AN INVESTIGATION

HIS BILL TO AUTHORIZE PROCEED. INGS IN SUPREME COURT.

Appropriates \$5,000 to Pay Attorneys Fees-If Kansas Claim Holds Good It Will Give Her All of the Stock Vards and Dold's.

TOPEKA, Jan. 26.-(Special.) Senator Zimmer, of Wyandotte, this morning introduced a bill providing for the segtlement of the ancient state line question in Kansas City. He believes that investigation will show that the large district west of the Union station, which includes the Dold packing house and a number of wholesale and manufacturing establishments, is, in reality in Kansas and that an examinathe records will so show.

The Zimmer bill authories the altorney eneral to make an inquiry to determine the boundary, and if, in his opinion, upon investigation "the true boundary extends east of the present de facto boundary, and the state of Missouri is assuming jurisdiction over territory that belongs to Kansas," he is authorized to institute a suit of chancery in the United States supreme court for the purpose of settling the question. By this means the boundary line is to be permanently established and marked.

The attorney general is to be aboved all
the legal assistance he may deem necessary, an appropriation of \$5,000 being made to pay attorneys' fees and defray general

For many years the exact location of the state line, as originally fixed, has been in dispute. If the Kansas elaim holds good it will give to this state a portion of the most valuable business property in Kanwould be the accession of the Missouri sec tion of the stock yards, and the Dold packing house. All the other packing houses are already on the Kansas side.

If the line is fixed east of the present

recognized point the settlement will not be without its political effect, as it will give the state of Kansas absolute control of the stock yards and will, unquestionably influence stock yards legislation in this

The following memorial was presented to Governor Stanley and both houses in support of the bill:

Your petitioners and memorialists, citizens of the county of Wyandotte and the state of Kansas, respectfully represent that they are interested as citizens in having the tary line between the state of Kansas and the state of Missouri settled. It is the ensus of opinion of your petitioners that more than one mile of territory from ence of the Kaw river with the Missouri river to the south line of the state of Kansas is wrongfully held in adverse possession by the state of Missouri, and the jurisdiction over the same by the state of Missouri illegally usurped.

"Your memorialists declare that the question of the actual and legal boundary of the state of Missouri on its western line has long been in dispute, and that it is but right and just in the interest of the people of both states that the question of the true boundary should be settled and forever

put at rest.

"To that end your petitioners have prepared such evidence and written statements and maps as will show the contention made by the people of Kansas in support of a bill for the consideration of the legislature, authorizing and directing such proceedings be had as is usual in such cases to accomplish the purpose stated.—C. K. Wells, F. W. Bartlett, J. G. Fasenmyer, J. A. May. plish the purpose stated.—C. K. Wells, F. W. Bartlett, J. G. Fasenmyer, J. A. May, T. K. Foster, M. Myers, B. Hobbs, I. E. Gilbert, W. A. Simpson, H. V. V. Seaman, Frank Garner, Benjamin S. Davis, William Lambert, M. D.; W. H. Birdgens, William Arwoo, H. E. Heidborn, Eli Pray, G. L. Chadbon, S. H. Quillin, B. A. Short, Darwin A. Payser, Robert W. Laughlin, W. W. Haskell, D. W. Witmer, W. T. Maunder, E. H. Browne, C. I. Lee, K. L. Brownee, A. A. Randler, McCabe Moore, Charles Hains, G. B. Wing, W. A. Griswold, John Caskey, H. W. Taylor, Leonard Daniels, J. W. Ferguson, A. Gunnling, B. R. Lane, J. W. Glesburg, Frank Hay, J. J. Van Wyck, A. T. Hains, C. S. McGonigal, Frank H. Drees, C. P. Dennison, Frank Winkler, W. P. White, J. W. Steinmetz, D. T. Bradford, J. H. Hirst, William Meriam, Elbert F. Neal, John W. Hains, George W. Martin, A. W. McWherter, L. Klassen, Charles H. Carpenter, D. P. Emmons, S. S. King."

#### KANSAS' CLAIM UNFOUNDED. William Mulkey Says Line Is Where It Has Been for Over Sev-

enty Years. "The line between Missouri and what is now Kansas has been right where it is now for over seventy years. I can swear to that of my own knowledge."

The speaker was William Mulkey, who has probably lived in Kansas City longer than any other man now living. Knowing that he would have a personal knowledge of the disputed boundary, extending over many years, a reporter for The Journal called upon Mr. Mulkey last evening at his home at Thirteenth and Summit streets. The house was built as a farm use, being of the old Southern style, with veranda on three sales, and from its commanding position near the brow of the West bluff gave a view over the country yery wide in its scope. In this one place Mr. Mulkey has lived for fifty years. He has had his cornfields extending in front of the house up to what is now Seventhere and down on the West bottoms as well. He has hunted deer in the West bottoms, has fished and hunted and boated and rode all over this section of country from his boyhood up and knows every foot of the ground. He said to the reporter

ening: ave lived within four miles of the "I have lived within four miles of the place where we now sit for seventy-one years. In all that time I have never lived farther than two and a half miles from the state line. I know exactly where the line is, I could go over it from the Missouri river back to the old Shawnee mission and never vary twenty yards from it. I know from my own knowledge that for seventy years the line has been right where it is to-day.

where it is to-day.

"I came to this country when but a boy with my mother. We came from North Carolina, crossed the river on the ice at St. Louis when there was but a little village there, and settled here in 1828. At that time there were but five families this side of the Big Blue. I have lived in sight of the state line ever since-seventy-one

of the Big Blue. I have lived in sight of the state line ever since—seventy-one years."

Mr. Mulkey was here three or four years before Jo Smith and his Mormons were driven from Jackson county. He remembers the battle between the settlers and the Mormons within Kansas City's present limits as well as if it were yesterday, recalling the names of the settlers who were killed and injured and all the details of the affair. Though but a boy at the time, the terror and excitement of the settlers created an impression upon him which he never will forget.

"I see by the papers," continued Mr. Mulkey, "that the Kansa's fellows are claiming that the Kaw river used to empty somewhere near the Union depot. If it ever did it was more than seventy years ago. In the last seventy years it has never been any farther east than it is now. It really is farther east now than it was when I first knew it. In the early days the river used to follow close around the foot of the bluff on the other side and it emptied into the Missouri a mile and a half farther up than it does now, away around above Wyandotte. You could see it right here from my house.

"In those days Turkey creek emptied"

Wyandotte. You could see it right here from my house.
"In those days Turkey creek emptied into the Missouri near where Dold's packing house is now. I know it for I have run a cance many a time down the Kaw, out into the Missouri and then up Turkey creek. Down near where the Live Stock Exchange building is now Turkey creek and the Kaw were only about 160 yards apart, but the creek kept right on, all of it in Missouri, and emptied where I tell you. The place where the creek and river were

so close together was called 'The Narrows' and from there to the Missouri a big piece of rich bottom land spread out between the creek and the Kaw. Why, I know of three quarter sections of land which were entered between the mouth of Turkey creek and the state line—entered in Missouri, mind you

"Most of this land now is washed away or "Most of this land now is washed away or is over on the other side of the Missouri. The Missouri got to cutting into the bank on this side and one year 100 loads of stone was hauled from my bluff here and dumped there to stop it. Next year the stone was on the other side of the river instead of this side, the river had cut around back of it. It cut into the Kaw, too, and that is why the Kaw's mouth is now a mile or so farther down stream than it used to be.

to be,
"It was in 1844, the time of the highest water ever known, that Turkey creek was changed so that it emptied into the Kaw. The Kaw river cut away the ground at 'the narrows,' near where the stock yards now are, and when the water went down Turkey creek never ran into the Missouri any more.

any more.

"There never was any creek or river near where the Union depot is. There used to be a big, shallow lake there, formed by the surface water from rains and by the many springs in the bluffs. It was only two or three feet deep. I have fished in it many times and have walked over it on the ice when I was a boy. But it was not a stream at all. It didn't even empty into the Missouri. There was higher ground then to the north of it, between the lake and the river, so it had no outlet. This may have given rise to the story, but I know the Kaw river was always about where it is now, the exceptions are that the Missouri cut into it and brought its mouth down stream, and the Kaw cut into Turkey creek and is 100 yards further east than formerly. So, you see, whatever changes there have been in seventy years has been to bring the Kaw farther east instead of taking it farther west than it was.

"In those days the country which is now never was any creek or river

"In those days the country which is now Kansas belonged to the Indians and was not open to settlers. But all this territory which I claim belongs to Missouri was all entered by settlers and was a part of Missouri. William Gilliss entered 700 or 800 acres right up to the state line, from where the stock yards now are to Rose-

dale. The water works out there are on land

"The water works out there are on land he entered and that whole tract over the bluff at Rosedale and through Westport was entered then up to the line that is today called the state line. My wife, after reading the papers the other day said she knew the present state line sixty years ago. She lived, when a child, with Edouard Pertell, not 160 yards from where the Stock Exchange building is, and the line then was just where it is to-day."

Mrs. Mulkey, it might be remarked, was the daughter of Major Dripps, who for sixty years was a trapper and trader in the employ of the American Fur Company and traveled many times between here and Astoria. His wife was an Indian woman, and this daughter. Mrs. Mulkey, was born in the present state of Utah, when it was still called Oregon. Major Dripps brought his daughter here and she spent several years of her girlhood in a convent in St. Louis, receiving a fine education. She is thoroughly posted on the pioneer days in this region, and fully corroborates everything her husband says regarding the old landmarks.

Mr. Mulkey feels considerably incensed at

thing her husband says regarding the old landmarks.

Mr. Mulkey feels considerably incensed at the ridiculous claims of the Kansans to a part of Missouri. He says the state line has always been right where it is, striking the Missouri near Armour's present packing house, running through the Live Stock exchange building, and on over the hill at Rosedale. He says he can point out the line for ten miles and can also show just where Turkey creek ran when the mouth of it was at the Missouri river, and several miles of its lower end was, all in the state of Missouri. The old bed of the creek can be plainly traced yet, he says, and the Kaw was always far the other side of it.

#### UNIFORM COMMERCIAL LAW Kansas to Be Urged to Adopt the Cod ification of the American Bar Association.

TOPEKA, Jan. 26 .- (Special.) The Kansas commission on uniformity of state laws caused a bill to be introduced to-day in the senate by Senator Royal Matthews, and in the house by Representative Wise, of Reno, which is of great importance. It is a codification of the entire law of com-mercial paper. The bill is most thorough

The act has, within the last two years, been adopted by New York, Connecticut, Colorado, Florida, Maryland, Virginia, Massachusetts and has been favorably re-ported by both houses of congress for the District of Columbia. The law was pre-pared by the commissioners on uniform state laws, an adjunct of the American association after a consideration of it for a number of years. The law has been carefully studied by the best legal talent in the United States, and meets the ap-proval of the most prominent commercial in the United States, and meets the approval of the most prominent commercial men in the country. It is proposed to have it adopted by all the states, and is so drawn as to cover every conceivable phase of the law and is so plain that it will obviate much litigation.

Nearly all of the states have a commission on uniform laws, auxiliary to the parent commission, and they propose to secure the enactment of as many laws exactly allke as possible.

parent commission, and the parent commission of as many laws exactly alike as possible.

Those most prominently under consideration at this time include in addition to commercial law, laws in relation to divorce, deeds and conveyances, wills, weights and measures, insurance, transfer of corporate stock, etc.

The Kansas commission consists of John D. Milliken, of McPherson; A. A. Godard, of Topeka; T. B. Wall, of Wichita; J. O. Wilson, of Salina, and H. M. Jackson, of Atchison.

## TO FIX INSURANCE RATES.

Bill Introduced in Both Houses Creating an Insurance Rate Board.

TOPEKA, Jan. 26.-(Special.) A bill cre ating an insurance rate board to fix maxmum rates of fire insurance premiums in the state of Kansas was introduced in in the state of Kansas was introduced in the house to-day. It provides for the appointment of a commission of five persons to get up a rate book something after the Clarkson rate book. The cmmission is to be appointed by the superintendent of insurance and each member is to receive \$5 a day and expenses. The cost of getting up the book is to be borne by the various insurance companies. insurance companies, in proportion to the amount of business written in the state. The bill also provides that no other rate book shall be used by companies in Kansas, and that the companies shall not charge more than the rates fixed in the state book. Senator Stone introduced a similar bill in the senate.

#### LICENSES FOR PEDDLERS. DeBard, of Greenwood, Would Make Traveling Merchants Pay

for Privileges. TOPEKA, Jan. 26.-(Special.) A bill de fining peddlers and providing for the licensing of the same was introduced to-day by DeBard, of Greenwood. It provides that persons selling patent medicines, light-ning rods, goods, wares or merchandise except books, charts and nursery stock, by going from place to place, shall be declared going from place to place, shall be declared peddlers. Each peddler shall take out a license with the county clerk of each coun-ty in which he does business. The license is fixed as follows: Peddlers on foot, \$10: peddlers with one horse wagon, \$20; ped-dlers with two horse wagon, \$30. Violation of the law is made punishable by a fine of from \$5 to \$100.

## **ELECTION COMMISSIONERS.**

Bill Introduced to Abolish the Office Except in Kansas City, Kas.

TOPEKA, Jan. 26.-(Special.) The committee on elections in the house to-day in-troduced a bill to abolish the office of election commissioner in all first class cities of Kansas under 40,000 population. This will affect all but Kansas City, Kas. The bill provides that, in cities of over 40,000, the commissioner shall appoint one councilman from each ward as a board of supervisors, of which the commissioner shall be chairman. The board shall have control of all elections and shall district the city into precitors, no precinct to ha more than 300 votes. In cities under 40, the city cierk shall attend to the work.

## TO ANCHOR POPS IN OFFICE

Senator Stone's Bill Recommended for Passage by Senate in Committee of the Whole.

TOPEKA, Jan. 26 .- (Special.) The bill of Senator Stone, Populist, of Leavenworth, which is designed to perpetuate the Pop the upper body in committee of the whole this afternoon. It is the work of ex-Chief Justice David Martin and provides that no man can be removed from office unless convicted in the civil courts of malfeasance.

The bill was opposed by Senators Lewelling and Farrelly, Populists, who exposed the purposes and intent of the measure. They showed the bill in its true light, declaring that it is a measure intended to embarrass officials the people have elected, and to perpetuate the repudiated Pop party in power. The bill was recommended for passage by a vote of 19 to 15. passage by a vote of 19 to 15.

#### ANTI-ROBERTS RESOLUTION. Kansas House by No Means a Unit in Opposition to Senting

Roberts. TOPEKA, Jan. 26.-(Special.) After a dis ussion lasting an hour, and after taking three votes on the same motion, a resolu ion urging congress not to permit Roberts, the Utah polygamist, to take his seat in that body, was adopted in the house this afternoon. The final vote stood 68 to 32 in favor of the resolution. When the matter was brought up, a motion was made to adopt. A rising vote was taken and the motion was declared lost, 41 to 32. The advented of the resolution were not cateful. motion was declared lost, 41 to 32. The advocates of the resolution were not satisfied and insisted on a full vote. The speaker put the motion again. It carried this time, 45 to 42. The opponents were then dissatisfied and demanded a roll call. It resulted

45 to 42. The opponents were then dissatisfied and demanded a roll call. It resulted in the adoption of the resolution by a vote of 68 to 32. The discussion was hot and furious on the measure. Party lines were not drawn, although most of the Pops voted against the resolution and the most of the Republicans for it.

Gratten, Republican, from McPherson, said that a man who has four wives "ought to stay at home and tend to 'em'; he therefore voted for the resolution.

Gregory, Republican, of Osage, said a man who had four wives ought to be given a leave of absence from home for a couple of years, and he favored letting Roberts go to congress. He, therefore, voted no. Marks, Democrat, of Jefferson, voted no. and in explanation, said: "Many other men are sitting in congress right now with more than four wives on their string; secretly, of course, but wives just the same. I admire Roberts for openly letting the people know how many he has. If Roberts would follow the footsteps of some of the other congressmen by having one wife in the open, and from three to five in secret, his claim to a seat would not be questioned. "McKeever, Republican, of Shawnee, said that Roberts ought to be given a good government job in order to earn enough money to support four wives.

#### STILL THE BILLS COME IN. Thirty-five New Ones Were Intro duced in the House Yes-

terday. TOPEKA, Jan. 26 .- (Special.) Thirty-five bills were introduced in the house to day. Among others were the following: Giving Haskell county authority to refun ts indebtedness

To repeal the fire guard law in Logar To repeal the fire guard law in Logan county.

To empower the commissioners of Scott county to levy a tax on property in disorganized school districts for the benefit of adjoining districts.

Giving Jefferson township, Republic county, the right to build a township hall.

Locating a state normal school at Great Bend.

Authorizing the erection of a hospital Authorizing the erection of a hospital building at the Osawatomle asylum. Giving counties having a population of less than 6,000 the right to erect county high school buildings.

To change the law passed at the extra session regulating beneficiary societies so as to prevent the admission of persons over the age of 70 years to membership.

Providing for the creation of a board of plumber examiners and regulating the plumbing trade.

plumbing trade.

Giving the city of Atchison the right to yote bonds to build a city hall and market

#### TWO MORE APPOINTMENTS. John Gilmore and E. A. McFarland Made Directors of the Pen-

itentiary. TOPEKA, Jan. 26 .- (Special.) Governor Stanley this morning made the following appointments to be directors of the state penitentiary:

John Gilmore, of Wilson county, vice C John Gilmore, of Wilson county, vice C.

E. Allison, for the unexpired term ending April 1, 1901, and E. A. McFarland, of Lincoln county, vice W. H. L. Pepperell, for the unexpired term ending April 1, 1900.

The star of W. V. Church, of Marion, candidate for state insurance superintendent, has risen several degrees within the past twenty-four hours, and he is now considered a "dangerous" candidate by the friends of Judge J. C. Postlethwaite, of Jewell. The latter at one time was slated for the place, but some complications have arisen whereby he may be made a member of the court of visitation and the insurance superintendency given to Church. Postlethwaite is absolutely certain to get one place or the other. The appointment of an insurance superintendent will be announced in a few days. It lies between the two men above mentioned.

The next appointment which Governor Stanley will likely make of any importance is that of an adjutant general. The leading men in the race are Sim Fox, of Riley, and Captain Charlesworth, of Mitchell, with the chances slightly in favor of the latter. E. Allison, for the unexpired term ending vor of the latter.

#### COMMITTEES COMPLETED. Speaker Osborn, of the Kansas House Named the Last Ones Yes-

terday. TOPEKA, Jan. 26,-(Special.) Speake Osborn to-day named the last of the standing committees. They follow: Cities of the second class-Carle Gillman Carle, G. P. Hayden, H. F. Gratton, M. C Carle, G. P. Hayden, H. F. Gratton, M. C. Hallett, A. J. Godschalk, Matt Edmunds and Isom Wright.

Political rights of women—E. L. Wise, A. Hehley, L. Scott, Thomas Ackerman, J. N. Elwood, F. P. Gillispie and Fred. B. Wheeler.

On rules—D. F. Campbell, A. L. Brooke, F. M. Benefiel, H. F. Mason, M. C. Hallett, Ed Jaquins and W. J. Babb.
Supervision of the journal—W. E. Ward, F. B. Dawes, W. C. Miller, H. F. Mason, John Irving, Lot Ravenseraft and J. A. Debard.

John Irving. Lot Ravenseraft and J. A. Debard.
Immigration—H. A. Smith, M. B. Pogue, S. S. Longley, J. N. Elwood, J. A. Thorpe, I. B. Wilcox and E. E. Smith.
Municipal corporations—W. M. Beezley, E. D. McKeever, A. R. Oursley, A. Henley, H. W. Conrad, M. Marks and George W. Gabriel.
Legislative apportionment—A. W. Hefley, J. N. Elwood, M. B. Pogue, C. W. Spurlock, A. R. Oursler, S. L. Heberling, F. N. Benefiel, J. G. Rees, W. N. Beezley, Isom Wright, D. P. King, David Swinehart and W. J. Babb.

#### POP CLAIMS TURNED DOWN. Senate Ways and Means Committee Refuses to Pay for Alleged

Extra Work. TOPEKA, Jan. 26.-(Special.) The senate ways and means committee to-day turned down a flood of bills presented by Populist state house employes for overtime. These bills ranged from \$10 to \$1,000. The largest one was presented by Mr. Lehman, superintendent of the state house grounds. perintendent of the state house grounds.

The Pop employes, after securing their jois, were not satisfied with the regular salaries, but wanted more. They claimed that they worked more than eight hours a day and that, under the eight-hour law, they were entitled to pay for overtime. They confessed to the ways and means committee that they had done their own bookkeeping, but were certain that they had kept a correct account of overtime. The committee held that the employes were hired at stated salaries per month and that the eight-hour law does not apply to their cases. It, therefore, turned the claims down.

## HOUSE FOR EXPANSION.

Republican Caucus Resolutions Were Adopted Yesterday by a Strict Party Vote.

TOPEKA, Jan. 26 .- (Special.) The expansion resolutions prepared by the Republican caucus last night and printed in today's Journal, were adopted by the house to-day by a strict party vote. The Republican members all voted for expanshon, and the Pops and Democrats against it. A number of speeches were made by members of both sides. Benefiel made the strongest speech on the Republican side and Wheeler on the Pop side.

Marks, Democrat, tried to get some anti-expansion resolutions substituted for the expansion resolutions substituted for the expansion resolutions but the motion was defeated by a party vote. Then the original resolutions came up and, in order to put the Pops on record, a roll call was demanded, with the result stated above, day's Journal, were adopted by the house

## KANSAS CHARITIES

BIENNIAL REPORT OF STATE BOARD MADE PUBLIC.

## WORK OF THE PAST TWO YEARS

MANY IMPROVEMENTS MADE AT THE INSTITUTIONS.

New Building at Topeka Insane Asy lum, to Cost \$65,000, Recommended-Estimates for Extraordinary Needs for Next Year.

TOPEKA, Jan. 26 .- (Special.) The bien nial report of the state board of charities the two fiscal years ending June 30, 1898, which was held up in the office of the secretary of state, was made public to-day. Senator Jumper, president of the board, presented the report in the senate, and it was ordered printed for distribu

The condition of each of the eight state charitable institutions is considered separately and a list of recommendations and estimates accompanies the documents. The report states that the sum of \$65,000, which was appropriated by the legislature of 1897 for the erection of an additional ward building at the Topeka insane asynow completed and has accommodations lum, was duly expended. The building is for 125 patients.

A pumping station was erected at the Olathe deaf and dumb asylum at a cost of \$15,000 and a water main constructed from Cedar creek to the Olathe city reseroir. The report says:

"A pumping station had been established on the banks of a muddy, filthy pool on Cedar creek, an incomplete plant placed at this point and a water main laid to the city reservoir. Sewer pipe was used and, as might have been foreseen by a more business-like and careful consideration, it proved a miserable failure. In this condition it was turned over to the present board.

"The legislature of 1897, after investigat ing the matter through a committee, made an appropriation of \$12,000 for the purpose of drainage and to improve and complete the water supply, under contract with the city of Olathe, for this institution.

'We found it necessary to remove the entire line of sewer pipe, and replace it with castiron pipe, to complete the pumping plant, erect a five foot solld masoary drain, and to clean the entire park of mud and sediment, which your board has ne at an expenditure of \$8,537.45, leaving a balance of \$3 462 55

"This board takes pride in stating that, by actual test and experience, the water problem at this institution has been solved forever."

At the Soldiers' Orphans home at Atchison a boiler house and laundry were con-structed, heating and lighting plants completed and water supply and sewerage provided. This was done at a total cost of \$30,000. At a cost of \$5,000 a well was sunk

\$30,000. At a cost of \$5,000 a well was sunk and a water pump erected and connected with the electric plant.

At the Topeka reform school \$1,500 was expended in putting in an electric lighting system, a plant with dynamos of 7,250 candle power being built.

At the Beloit industrial school for girls a detached cottage was built at \$1,000. a hospital at \$500, a laundry at \$200 and a slate roof placed on the administration building at a cost of \$2,500.

Great improvements were made at the Winfield institution for idiotic and imbecile youth. A cottage costing \$35,000 was built, and a \$1,500 boilerhouse and a tank and water supply costing \$50,000 was built, and a \$1,500 boilerhouse and a tank and water supply costing \$50,000 put in. The cottage will accommodate 150 inmates. The improvements at all of these institutions were provided for by appropriation of the 1857 legislature.

INST legislature.

The board recommends the appropriation of \$65,000 for the completion of the new ward building at the Topeka insane asylum; \$2,500 for securing a supply of gas on the state grounds at the Osawatomie insane asylum, and \$10,000 for the Topeka reform school.

asylum, and \$19,000 for the Topeka reform school.

Appended to the report is a list of estimates of probable expenditures during the next two years. It covers the usual expenses and also the following additional expenditures, which are recommended:

Topeka insane asylum—For extraordinary appropriation for caring for increased number of patients, during the balance of the fiscal year, ending June 39, 1899, \$10,000; for extraordinary appropriations for salaries of increased number of attendants, \$3,000; for new detached hospital building, \$3,000; for new detached hospital building, \$3,000; for new detached hospital building, \$3,000; for painting outside buildings, \$1,000; converting old broom factory into sleeping verting old broom factory into sleeping apartments, \$300; for maintenance and re

pairs, \$10,400.

Topeka reform school—New boilers, heating plant, \$5,000; new cottage building, \$35,-000. 000.

Osawatomie insane asylum—New laundry building, \$10,000; new detached hospital building, \$50,000.

Hospitals for both insane asylums also are recommended.

The report closes with this surprising ecommendation: The report closes with this surprising recommendation:

"While the first consideration should be the proper care and treatment of the unfortunates who have been thrown on the tender mercies of the state, we apprehend that the large business interest that is necessarily an adjunct of each of these institutions should not be lost sight of or neglected. At present we have a corps of able physicians, selected from the best talent in the state; in addition, we have a superintendent who is also a physician. As the successful professional man is one who devotes all of his time and energy to his calling, he would naturally find himself at a disadvantage in conducting a large business interest that, if done properly, would contribute largely to the support of the state's wards, and result in a great saving to the already overburdened taxpayers. We, therefore, recommend that the law be so amended that it will be possible to place at the head a man of wide and varied business experience.

## HANNA'S INGRATITUDE.

Presents a Bill Almed at Some of the Senators Who Helped Him Down Leedy.

TOPEKA, Jan. 26 .- (Special.) The Pone are sore at Senator George Hanna, of Clay county, again. Several times during this and the special session, Senator Hanna has threatened to jump over the traces, but he has now gone back on one of the most cherished customs of his party. Senator

# FREE! **Weak Men**



A course of remedies—the marvel of medical will be sent ON TRIAL WITHOUT ADVANCE PAYMENT. If not all we claim, return them at

MEN WHO ARE WEAK, BROKEN DOWN, DISCOURAGED, men who suffer from the effects of disease, overwork, worry, from follies or excesses, from unnatural drains, weakness or lack of development of say portion of the body, failure of vital forces, unfitness for marriage—all such men should "come to the fountain head" for a scientific method of marvellous power to vitalize, develop, restore and sustain. On request we will send description, with testimonials, in plain sealed envelope. (No C.O. D. imposition or other deception.) Address

Erie Medical Co., Buffalo, N.Y.

Hanna has introduced a bill providing that no member of the state legislature shall accept or receive any other state office during the term for which he was elected. Hanna read Wednesday's Journal, in which the office-grabbing record of four of the Pop senators was referred to, and then sat down and wrote out his measure. There is little likelihood that the bill will pass the Pop senate.

#### WANTS A SURVEY MADE. Senator King Would Know How Much Coal Is Being Mined Under

State Land. TOPEKA, Jan. 26.-(Special.) The state mine inspector, in his last report, charged the Leavenworth Coal Company with mining coal under the state's property in the ing coal under the state's property in the river bottoms near Leavenworth. He also recommended the repeal of the 1891 law granting certain coal rights to the Home Mining Company, of Leavenworth county, which, he charges, has also been mining on state property. Senator King to-day introduced a resolution requesting the committee on mines and mining to make a survey showing the exact conditions of underground workings with reference to the grants of the two companies and report to the senate.

## MAY DELAY THE TEST CASE.

Senator Householder Says That the Cherokee-Crawford Court Bill Was Illegally Passed.

TOPEKA, Jan. 26.—(Special.) Senator Householder claims that the bill creating the court of common pleas of Cherokee and Crawford counties was not legally and Crawford counties was not legally passed by the extra session of the legislature. He claims that the house passed a bill under one title and that the senate passed it under another title, and that the records of both branches show it. This may prevent Phil Campbell from bringing proceedings to have the law put into effect at once and may, therefore, delay a decision of the supreme court on the legality of the extra session.

#### SEATON AGAINST IT.

He Cast the Only Vote Against the Nicaragua Canal Resolution.

TOPEKA, Jan. 26 .- (Special.) The house to-day adopted the senate resolution favoring the construction and operation of the Nicaraguan canal by the United States government. Seaton, of Atchison, cast the only vote against the resolution. He said the construction and operation of the canal would cripple the railroads between the Mississippi and the Pacific ocean.

Two Local Bills Killed. TOPEKA, Jan. 25.—(Special.) The house ways and means committee has reported adversely on the bill authorizing the state to acquire Pawnee Village in Republic county for a state park. It also killed the bill to appropriate money to erect a monument to Charles Dow, the first martyr of the free state cause.

Coffey County Wants a Court House BURLINGTON, KAS., Jan. 26.—(Special.) The people of Burlington and Coffey county are making one big effort to get a new court house. Petitions have been circulated and nearly everyone has signed them, asking Representative Sweet to have the legislature pass a bill authorizing the board of county commissioners to build one at a cost of \$40,000.

For Passing Worthless Checks.

TOPEKA, Jan. 26.—(Special.) Mr. Adams, of Butler, to-day introduced a bill making it a misdemeanor to issue checks or drafts when neither money has been deposited nor credit obtained to secure their payment. The penalty is a fine of \$25 to \$500 and imprisonment from thirty days to six months.

Weary of His Name.

TOPEKA, Jan. 26.—(Special.) Henry Gutkanst, of Fort Scott, has become tired of wearing that name and had Representative Campbell, of Bourbon county, introduce a bill to-day changing it to Henry Calkins. He also wants the name of his entire family changed to Calkins.

New Insane Asylum Building.

TOPEKA, Jan. 28.—(Special.) Mr. Anderson, Republican, of Shawnee, this morning introduced in the senate a bill to appropriate \$30,000 for the erection and equipment of an administration building at the Topeka insane asylum.

Inspected the Reform School. TOPEKA, Jan. 26.—(Special.) Both branches of the legislature took a recess from 11 until 2 o'clock to-day and inspected the reform school. They were taken out on a special train.

## OKLAHOMA LEGISLATURE.

Malley Bill Passes the House-Many Bills Introduced in Each House.

GUTHRIE, Jan. 26 .- (Special.) The general assembly confined itself to routine busi-ness to-day. The house held a short morning session, while the senate did not convene until afternoon. The Malley bill, which lets down the bars to quail hunters and sportsmen generally, consumed most of the morning session. Amendments were numer-

morning session. Amendments were numerous, but all were defeated. The bill passed after a deal of talk.

Twelve bills were introduced, the important ones being: Providing for the registration of graduates in pharmacy, by Walls; relating to quarantine regulations, by Walls; requiring registration and certificates of deaths, Wood; relating to removing and disposing of mortgaged chattels and concerning the taxing of building and loan associations, by Merten; amending statutes, repealing portions of the code relating to divorce, by Wood.

A resolution was introduced by Doyle, which was referred to the election committee, as to the right to admit a senator an two representatives from the Osage naan two representatives from the Osage na-tion. Holliday introduced an appropriation bill calling for \$5,000 to pay the clerks and

bill calling for \$5.000 to pay the clerks and house employes. The afternoon session did no business other than routine.

The senate session was prosaic, outside of a short political discussion relating to a clerkship, wherein the Democratic clerks were touched up by Biddison. He said the Democratic clerks sat around and smoked and only signed their names, which seemed to constitute their only duty. The discussion came up over the appointment of Miss Penny, of Guthrie, as stengrapher. The resolution went over until to-morrow.

The following bills were introduced in the senate:

The following bills were introduced in the senate:

By Magness—Prohibiting the introduction of Johnson grass into Oklahoma.

By Winkier—Defining what merchants are subject to a license tax.

By Thacker—Amendment. All cases may appeal from final judgment of any justice court to the probate court.

By McCredle—Allowing a tax not to exceed 5 mills for the purpose of Chandler to maintain its water works.

By Garrison—To create Banner county out of Woods, making one more county.

By Havens—Appropriation bill. The bill by Havens to authorize towns to vote bonds to construct sewerage and water works passed.

bonds to construct sewerage and water works passed.

The Republican senators met in caucus to-night, as a unit for the first time since President McCredie's committees were turned down. The Democrats saw their opportunity when they combined, and set a precedent by appointing numerous and superfluous clerks to all committees which they had under control. Some of the Republicans followed in the extravagance. The climax was reached this afternoon, when Miss Penny's name came up as stenographer to the chief clerk of the senate.

At the caucus to-night a resolution was drafted which will be presented to-morrow by Senator Biddison, abolishing numerous clerkships and supernumeraries. Doorkeener Graham, Bekemeyer, clerk of enrolled and engrossed bills; Davis, clerk quarantine committee, and Wolf, of education, will be dismissed. Numerous other clerks will be given the duties of two or more committees and be compelled to be qualified typewriters or stenographers, or both. The action of the caucus to-night means a great reduction in expenses to the government. It was also decided that the calendar be printed by a stenographer, and not by the public printer, as heretofore. At the caucus to-night a resolution was

### Oklahoma Notes. New stores are the order at Pond Creek. I'wo have been established there during he past week.

It cost Uncle Sam \$400 per day and the erritorial government \$150 for the legisla-ure to be in session. ture to be in session.

Judge Bob Neff and Frank McMasters' made hits by their eloquence and humor at the statehood convention.

Senator Cravens' bill, introduced in the council, was the most talked of bill by the statehood delegates of any so far introduced.

Ex-Governor Renfrow is said to be making a fortune out of his Joplin mines. He was recently offered \$200,000 for his property and refused. and refused.

When Senator Biddison's name was suggested at the statehood convention as one

LEGAL NOTICES

CONDEMNATION OF ALLEY BETWEEN HOLMES AND CHARLOTTE FROM 21ST STREET TO 23ND STREET.

THE State of Missouri, the Ceunty of Jackson, the City of Kanasa City, ss. J. B. F. Cates, C. O. Cailahan, Frank H. Dester, trustee for Lombard Investment Co. (or company); T. P. Emerson, trustee for John Reid; H. Clay Ewing, Mary B. Gardiner, James L. Jenkins, Lombard Investment Co. (or company); T. P. Emerson, trustee for John Reid; H. Clay Ewing, Mary B. Gardiner, James L. Jenkins, Lombard Investment Co. (or company); Nannie B. Lay, John Reid, Salmon Fails bank, Joseph Seckinger; Savings Bank of Walpode, John S. Salen (or Skene); James S. Skeen (or Skene), James S. Skeen (or Skene), Kate B. Tinstar, Cyrus Thompson, William B. White, trustee for Kate B. Tinstar, will take notice that your property will be taken for the purpose specified in the ordinance of Kanasa City, No. 1989, entitled "An ordinance to open and establish the alley between Holmes street and Charlotte street from 21st street to 22nd street," approved August 7th, 1898, and that a Jury will be impanied to ascertain the compensation therefor on the Jish day of February, A. D. 1899, at ten of the clock in the forenoon, at the lower house councit chamber, on the fourth floor of the city hall building, on the southeast corner of Fourth and Main afreets, in Kansas City, Jackson county, Missouri.

Issued under the hand of the city clerk, and the seal of Kansas City, Jackson county, Missouri.

Lesued under the hand of the city clerk, and the seal of Kansas City, Missouri.

CONDEMNATION OF ALLEY BETWEEN HOLMES

ment Co. (or company); T. P. Emerson, trustee for John Reid; H. Clay Ewing, Mary B. Gardner, James L. Jenkins, Lombard Investment Co. (or company), Nannie B. Lay, John Reid, Salmon Falis bank, Joseph Seckinger, Savings Bank of Walpole, John S. Sullivan, Agnes Sheen (or Skene), wife of James S. Skeen (or Skene), Kate B. Tinstar, Cyrus Thompson, William B. White, Irustee for Kate B. Tinstar, will take notice that your property will be assessed to compensate for the taking of private property for the purpose specified in the ordinance of Kansas City, No. 16419, entitled "An ordinance of Kansas City, No. 16419, entitled "An ordinance to open and establish the alley between Holmes street and Charlotte street from Tist street to 22nd street," approved August 21th, 1895, and that a jury will be impaneled to make such assessment on the 25th day of February, A. D. 1899, at ten of the clock in the forenon, at the lower house council chamber, on the fourth floor of the city hall building, on the southeast corner of Fourth and Main streets, in Kansas City, Jackson county, Missouri, Issued under the hand of the city cierk, and the seal of Kansas City, aforesaid, this 21th day of January, A. D. 1899.

(Seal) City Clerk of Kansas City, Missouri, CONDEMNATION OF WALROND AVE. FROM 24TH

CONDEMNATION OF WALROND AVE. FROM 24TH
STREET TO HOWARD STREET.
THE State of Missouri, the County of Jackson, the
City of Kansas City, as. M. C. Austin, Sarah C.
Ensign, T. N. Grant, Emma A. Moore, Riley H. Ensign, T. N. Grant, Emma A. Moore, Riley H. Norman, will take notice that your property will be taken for the purpose specified in the ordinance of Kansas City, No. 10409, entitled "An ordinance to open and establish Walrond avenue from 24th street to Howard street," approved August 27th, 1898, and that a jury will be impanied to ascertain the compensation therefor on the 25th day of February, A. D. 1899, at ten of the clock in the forenoon, at the lower house council chamber, on the fourth floor of the city hall building, on the southeast corner of Fourth and Main streets, in Kansas City, Jackson county, Missouri. Fourth and Main streets, in Bansas
county, Missouri.
Issued under the hand of the city clerk, and the
seal of Kansas City, aforesaid, this 77th day of
January, A. D. 1899.

City Clerk of Kansas City, Missouri.

(Seal)

January, A. D. 1859.

(Seal) City Clerk of Kansas City, Missouri.

CONDEMNATION OF WALROND AVE. FROM 24TH STREET TO HOWARD STREET.

THE State of Missouri, the County of Jackson, the City of Kansas City. ss. M. C. Austin, Cora E. Baker, B. D. H. Baker, Emily K. Brown, A. E. Bachelder, Margaret Casey, Norman Curils, Sarah C. Ensign, Charles F. Emery Real Estate Loan Company. T. N. Grant, Josephine A. Gerry, W. B. Harlan, trustee for J. T. Small; Mrs. Mary Jane Hurley, Jennie M. Kennedy, Carrie W. Kruse, Alva Zota Lloyd, Emma A. Moore, Z. E. Martin, T. W. Marshall, A. W. McLaughlin, Riley H. Nörman, Sarah E. Nelswanger, Cyrus Newkirk, Revilo Newton, Tillie Olsen, deceased; E. A. Phillips, Edward A. Phillips, Halley, Mary C. Rogers, Strong & Baucus, Roxy M. Smith, Alexander Stephens, James Henry Taylor, Robert F. Wilkinson, William Weidmyer, Josephine Welch, Elmer T. Williams, will take notice that your property will be assessed to compensate for the taking of private property for the purpose specified in the ordinance of Kansas City, No. 19409, entitled "An ordicance—to open and establish Walrond avenue from 24th street to Howard street," approved August 27th, 1898, and that a jury will be impaneled to make such assessment on the 25th day of February, A. D. 1899, at ten of the clock in the forenoon, at the lower house council chamber, on the fourth floor of the city hall building, on the southeast conner of Fourth and Main streets, in Kansas City, Jackson county, Missouri.

Issued under the hand of the city clerk, and the seal of Kansas City, aforesaid, this 27th day of January, A. D. 1899.

(Cs. CURRY, (Seal) City Clerk of Kansas City, Missouri.

CONDEMNATION OF VINE STREET FROM 10TH STREET TO 11TH STREET.
THE State of Missouri, the County of Jackson, the City of Kansas City, ss. William Larwill will take notice that your property will be taken for the purpose specified in the ordinance of Kansas City No. notice that your property will be taken for the pur-pose specified in the ordinance of Kansas City No. 19718, entitled "An ordinance to open and establish Vine street from Tenth (19th) street to Eleventh (11th) street," approved October 21st, 1898, and that a jury will be impaneled to ascertain the compensa-tion therefor on the 27th day of February, A. D. 1899, at ten of the clock in the forenoon, at the lower house council chamber, on the fourth floor of the like hall building, on the southeast corner of Fourth

and Main streets, in Kansas City, Jackson county, Missouri.

Issued under the hand of the city clerk, and the seal of Kansas City, aforesaid, this 27th day of January, A. D. 1899.

(Seal) City Clerk of Kansas City, Missouri. CONDEMNATION OF VINE STREET FROM 10TH

CONDEMNATION OF VINE STREET FROM 10TH STREET.

THE State of Missouri, the County of Jackson, the City of Kansas City, 8s. The Bankers' Investment Trust, Imited, of London, England; board of trustees of William Jewell follege, at Liberty, Mo.: David, H. Ettien, trustee for John Scales; George H. Goodwin, deceased; willtiam Larwill. The Prudential Insurance Company of America, William F. Stifel, John Scales, Frank C. Wornall, Thomas J. Wornall, will take notice that your property will be assessed to compensate for the taking of private property for the purpose specified in the ordinance of Kansas City, No. 19718, entitled "An ordinance to open and establish Vine street from Tenth (19th) street to Eleventh (19th) street to Eleventh (19th) street to Eleventh (19th) street and that a jury will be impaneled to make such assessment on the 27th day of February, A. D. 1899, at ten of the clock in the forenoon, at the lower house council chamber, on the fourth floor of the city hall building, on the southeast corner of Fourth and Main streets, in Kansas City, Jackson county, Missouri.

souri.
Issued under the hand of the city clerk, and the seal of Kansas City, aforesaid, this 27th day of January, A. D. 1899.

(Seal) City Clerk of Kansas City, Missouri.

January, A. D. 1899.

(Seal)

City Clerk of Kansas City, Missouri.

TRUSTEE'S SALE—Whereas, Benjamine Banfield, a single man, by his certain deed of trust, dated the 7th day of June, 1238, and filed for record in the office of the reporder of deeds, in Jackson county, Missouri, at Kansas City, on the 8th day of June, 1898, and recorded in said office in book "B" No. 684, at page 214, conveyed t. Robert F. Porter, as trustee, the following described real estate situated in the roundy of Jackson, state of Missouri, to-wit: Lot numbered nine (9), of North Mount Hope, an addition in Kansas City, as shown by the recorded plat of said North Mount Hope, which said deed of trust was given to secure the payment of ten (10) promissory notes in said deed described: and, whereas, the note due December 7th, 1898, is now past due and unpaid, and default has been made in the performance of the conditions of said deed and the same has been broken by reason of the non-payment of said note, due December 7th, 1898, is now, therefore, public notice is hereby given that I. Robert F. Porter, trustee, as aforesaid, will, in accordance with the provisions of said deed of trust, at the request of the legal owner and holder of said notes, proceed to sell, and will sell, the property hereinbefore described, at public vendue, to the highest bidder, for cash, at the south front door of the county circuit court house, in Kansas City, Jackson county, Missouri (said court house, in Kansas City, Jackson county, Missouri (said court house being located on the block of ground bounded by Osk street, Missouri avenue, Locust atteet and Fifth street, in said Kansas Cityl, on Saturday, the 18th day of January, 1899, between the hours of nine of cock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the fo

secured by the said deed or trust, and the coars of executing this trust. ROBERT F. PORTER. Trustee.

GRADE RESOLUTION NO. 1756—Change and re-establish grade resolution No. 1786. Notice to property owners on Sixth (6th) street, from the east line of Benton boulevard to the west line of Gage's addition. City Clerk's Office, Kansas City, Mo., Jan. 24, 1899.

A resolution declaring it to be necessary to change and mest line of Henton boulevard to the west line of Gage's addition.

Be it resolved by the upper house of the common council of Kansas City, the lower house concurring therein:

The common council finds and declares it to be necessary to change and re-establish the grade on Sixth (6th) street from east line of Benton boulevard to west line of Gage's addition, to the following grade clevations in feet above the city directrix, to-wit: At the east line of Benton boulevard, 250.00; at the west line of Indiana avenue, 192.00; at the east line of Kansas City.

Adopted Jan. 18, 1899.

L. E. WYNE, Acting President Upper House of the Common Council, Adopted Jan. 18, 1899.

J. P. LYNCH, Pro Tem Speaker Lower House of the Common Council.

Attent: (Seal)

C. S. CURRY, City Clerk.

Council Attest: (Seal) C. S. CURRY, City Clerk. NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT-Notice is here-NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT-NOTICE IS here-by given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of Emma L. C. Gassner, deceased, that I, George S. Gassner, executor of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the probate court of Jackson county, to be held at Kansas City, Missouri, on the 20th day of February, 1899. GEORGE S. GASSNER, Executor. NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT-Notice is here-

of the committees on credentials it was given vociferous applause. A terrific hall storm occurred at Oxbow Bend Saturday. The reports, which smack of a vivid imagination, say the hail covered the ground to a depth of three inches and in some places eight inches.

One taken every night stimulates the liver, carries off the bile and improves the digestion and appetite. Carter's Little Liver Pills, Don't forget this. LEGAL NOTICES.

VACATION NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that a petition has been filed in the office of the city clerk of Kansas City, Missouri, embodying a recommendation by the board of park commissioners to the common council of Kansas City, Missouri, to vacate the alley running north and south between Agness avenue and Bellefontains avenue from the south line of the alley one hundred and thirty (120) feet south of and parallel with 15th street in the public park known as "The Grove," in the South park district, in Kansas City, Missouri, which reads as follows: VACATION NOTICE.

lows: RESOLUTION NO. 1411.

A resolution recommending to the common council of Kansas City, Missouri, the vacation of the alley running north and south between Agnes avenue and Beliefontaine arenue from the south line of the alley one hundred and thirty (120) feet south of and parallel with Fifteenth (15th) street to the north line of Stateouth (15th) street, in the public park known as 'The Grove,' in the South park district, in Kansas Whenseuth.

The Grove," in the South park district, in Kanaas City, Missouri, approved November 12, 1855, certain lands were taken for a public park known as "The Grove," in the South park district; and, Whereas, An alley running north and south between Agnes avenue and Bellefontaine avenue from the south line of the alley one hundred and thirty (139) feet south of and parallel with Fifteenth (15th) street to the north line of Sixteenth (16th) street to the north line of Sixteenth (16th) street in the North park district, in Kansas City, Missouri, now crosses the land so taken, the fee title to which was originally in proprietors of H. E. Henwood's second addition to the City of Kansas, now Kansas City, and Hammett & Porter's first addition to the City of Kansas, now Kansas City, Wissouri, and

addition to the City of Kansas, now Kansas City, Missouri; and.
Whereaz, Kansas City, Missouri, has now acquired title in fee to all land on both sides of said alley above described. Now, therefore,
Be it resolved by the board of park commissioners of Kansas City, Missouri;
Section 1. That the common council of Kansas City, Missouri, be, and the same is, hereby petitioned to vasate the alley running north and south between Agnes avenue and Bellefontaine avenue from the south line of the alley one hundred and thirty (120) feet south of and parallel with Fifteenth (15th) street to the north line of Sixteenth (16th) street, in the public park known as "The Grove," in the South park district, in Kansas City, Missouri, in accordance with the provisions of the charter of said Kansas City, as the owner of all the land adjoining on both sides thereof, and became a part of said public park known as "The Grove."

Section 2. The board of park commissioners hereby recommends to the common council that said alley above described be vaccated as aforesaid.

Section 2. That a certified copy of this resolution be delivered to each house of the common council as notice of the action and recommendation of said board.

Said petition and recommendation being made by

board. Said petition and recommendation being made by the board of park commissioners of Kansas City. Said petition and recommendation being made by the board of park commissioners of Kansas City, Missouri; Kansas City being the owner of the ground vacated by this petition and of all of the front feet of the real property fronting on the property proposed to oe vacated, and if no opposition he made to such petition within twenty (20) days from this date, to-wit, this 25th day of January, 1839, the common council may, by ordinance, vacate the property men-tioned, with such restrictions as it may deem for the public good.

public good.
A true copy.
(Seal) City Clerk of Kansas City, Missour

A frue copy.

City Cierk of Kansas City, Missouri.

NOTICE is hereby given that a petition has been filed in the office of the city cierk of Kansas City, Missouri, embodying a recommendation by the board of park commissioners to the common council of Kansas City, Missouri, to vacate the alley one hundred and thirty (139) feet south of and parallel with 15th street from the east line of Agnes avenue to the west line of Bellefontaine, avenue, in the public park known as "The Grove," in the South park district, in Kansas City, Missouri, which reads as follows:

A resolution recummending to the common council of Kansas City, Missouri, the vacation of the alley one hundred and thirty (139) feet south of and parallel with Fifteenth (15th) street from the east line of Agnes avenue to the weat line of Bellefontaine avenue, in the public park known as "The Grove," in the South park district, in Kansas City, Missouri, approved November 13, 1835, certain lands were taken for a public park known as "The Grove," in the South park district; and,
Whereas, An alley one hundred and thirty (139) feet south of and parallel with Pitteenth (15th) street from the east line of Agnes avenue to the west line of Bellefontaine avenue, in the public park known as "The Grove," in the South park district; and,
Whereas, An alley one hundred and thirty (130) feet south of and parallel with Pitteenth (15th) street from the east line of Agnes avenue to the west line of Bollefontaine avenue, in the public park known as "The Grove," in the South park district, now crosses the land so taken, the fee title to which was originally in the proprietors of H. E. Henwood's second addition to Kansas City, Missouri, has now acquired title in fee to all land on both sides of said alley above described. Now, therefore,

Be it resolved by the board of park commissioners of Kansas City, Missouri, be, and the same is, hereby petitioned to vacate the alley one hundred and thirty (130) feet south of and parallel with Fifteenth (15th) street from the east line of

street from the east line of Agnes avenue to the west line of Bellefontaine avenue, in the public park known as "The Grove," in the South park district, in Kannas City, Missouri, in accordance with the provisions of the charter of said Kannas City, and that the title to said alley revert to Kannas City, as the owner of all the land adjoining on both sides thereof, and become a part of said public park known as "The Grove."

Section 2. The board of park commissioners hereby recommends to the common council that said alley above described be vacated as aforesaid.

Section 2. That a certified copy of this resolution be delivered to each house of the common council as notice of the action and recommendation of said board.

notice of the action and recommendation of said board.

Said petition and recommendation being made by the board of park commissioners of Kansas City, Missouri; Kansas City being the owner of the ground vacated by this petition and of all of the front feet of vacated by this petition and of all of the front feet of the real property fronting on the property proposed to be vacated, and if no opposition be made to such petition within twenty (20) days from this date, to-wit, this 25th day of January, 1899, the common council may, by ordinance, vacate the property men-tioned, with such restrictions as it may deem for the

public good.
A true copy.
(Seal) City Clerk of Kansas City, Missouri

VACATION NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that a petition has been filed in the office of the city clerk of Kansas City. Missouri, embodying a recommendation by the beard of park commissioners to the common council of Kansas City, Missouri, to vacate the alley one hundred and twenty-five (125) feet south of and parallel with 18th street from the east line of Walroud avenue to the cast line of "The Grove," in the yublic park known as "The Grove," in the South park district, in Kansas City, Missouri, which reads as follows:

RESOLUTION NO. 1412.

A resolution recommending to the common council of Kansas City, Missouri, the vacation of the alley one hundred and twenty-five (125) feet south of and parallel with Flitteenth (15th) street from the east line of Walrond avenue to the east line of "The Grove," in the public park known as "The Grove," in the South park district, in Kansas City.

Whereas, Under the terms of ordinance No. 6853 of the common council of Kansas City, Missouri, approved November 13th, 1895, certain lands were taken for a public park, known as "The Grove," in the South park district; and,

of the common council of Kansas City, Missouri, approved November 13th, 1805, certain lands were taken for a public park, known as "The Grove," in the South park district; and,
Whereas, An alley one hundred and twenty-five (125) feet south of and parallel with Fifteenth (13th) street from the east line of Walrond avenue to the east line of said "The Grove," in the public park known as "The Grove," in the South park district, in Kansas City, Missouri, now crosses the land so taken, the fee title to which was originally in the proprietors of Alexander Park, an addition to the City of Kansas, now Kansas City, Missouri, has now acquired title in fee to all land on both sides of said alley above described; now, therefore,
Be it resolved by the board of park commissioners of Kansas City, Missouri:
Section 1. That the common council of Kansas City, Missouri, be, and the same is hereby, petitioned to vacate the alley one hundred and twenty-ave (125) feet south of and parallel with Fifteenth (13th) street from the east line of Walrond avenue to the east line of said "The Grove," in the South park district, in Kansas City, Missouri, in accordance with the provisions of the charter of said Kansas City, and that the title to said allay revert to Kansas City, as the oweer of all the land adjoining, on both sides thereof, and become a part of said public park, known as "The Grove."

Section 2. The board of park commissioners hereby recommends to the common council that said alley above described be vacated as aforesaid.

Section 3. That a certified cupy of this resolution be delivered to each house of the common council in snotice of the action and recommendation of said board.

Said petition and recommendation being made by the board of park commissioners of Kansas City, Missouri: Kansas City, deep the owner of the ground vacated by this petition and of all of the front feet of the real property fronting on the property proposed to be vacated, and if no opposition he made to such petition within twenty (29) days from this d

A true copy.

(Seal)

C. S. CURRY,
(Seal)

C. S. CURRY,
(Seal)

(First insertion January 25th, 1892.)

TRUSTEE'S SALE—Under the terms of a deed of trust duly executed and acknowledged by Thomas H. Mastin and Elizabeth S. Mastin, his wife, dated the 16th day of July, A. D. 1889, recorded in the office of the recorder of deeds of Jackson county, Missouri, at Kansas City, in book B No. 385, at page 219, I shall sell at public vendue, at the south door of the court house, situated in the block bounded by Oak street, Locust street, Fifth street and Missouri avenue, in Kansas City, in the county aforesaid, on Wednesday, the first day of March, A. D. 1899, between the hours of nine o'clock a. m. and the o'clock p. m., to the highest bidder, for cash, the following described real estate to me conveyed by said deed of trust, to-wit: Blocks seven (7), eight (8) and nine (9), of Hyde Park, an addition to Kansas City, Missouri (except lot nine (9), in said block eight (8), and lots one (1) and two (2), in said block nine (9), which have been released from said deed of trust, to the converse of the second of trust, in Kansas City, Jackson county, Missouri, and is designated in that location by said deed of trust, as the place of sale, but said court house is now located as above stated.

WILLIAM T. JOHNSON, Trustee. (First insertion January 25th, 1899.)
TRUSTEE'S SALE-Under the terms of a

NOTICE OF STOCKHOLDERS MEETING—Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Mexican Gulf Agricultural Company will be held at its office in room No. 101 New England building, at the northeast corner of Ninth and Wyandotte streets, in Kansas City, Missouri, on Tuesday, the 7th day of February, A. 1859, at nine o'clock a. m., for the purpose of electing directors for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of such other business as may legally come before said corporation.

D. J. HAFF, Vice President.

P. S. SHRYOCK, Secretary.

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT—Notice is here-by given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of Rebecca Emmons, deceased, that I, James G. Smith, administrator of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the probate court of Jackson county, to be held at Kansaa City, Missouri, on the 20th day of February, 1899.

JAMES G. SMITH.